

Seriola/Cobia Aquaculture Dialogue

Creating standards for responsible aquaculture



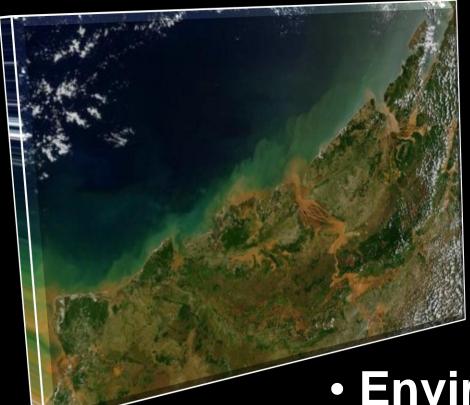
Goal of the Aquaculture Dialogues





Why create standards?

Minimize aquaculture's impact on:





Society

Environment



Focus on the key impacts

Examples from other ADs

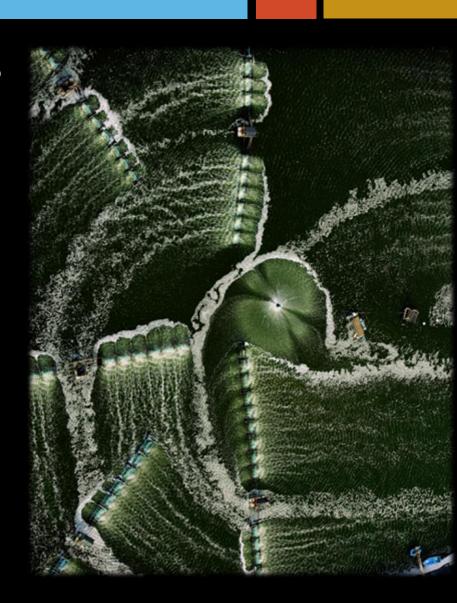
- Loss of habitat
- Transfer of disease
- Water pollution caused by excess chemicals and waste
- Depleted supplies of pelagic fish
- Unsafe working conditions





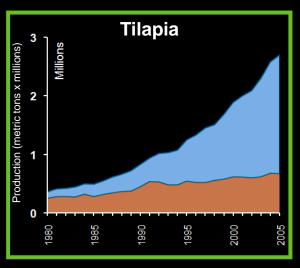
Use standards to transform aquaculture

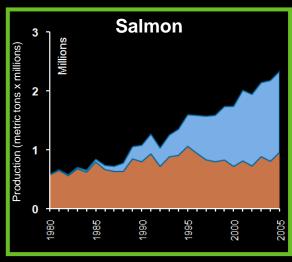
- Certification schemes
- Benchmark other standards
- Incorporate into government programs
- Create foundation for buyer and investment screens

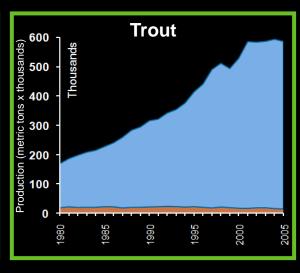


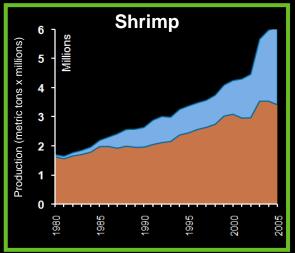


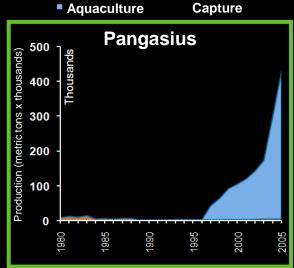
Standards to be created for 11 species

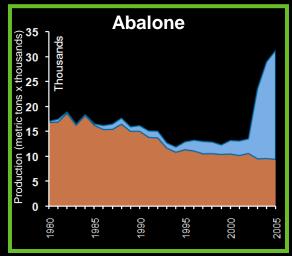








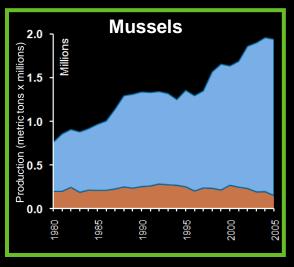


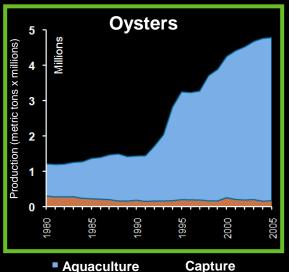


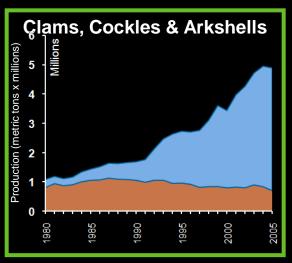
Source: FAO FishStat - Aquaculture Production: Quantities 1950-2005 and Capture Production: 1950-2005

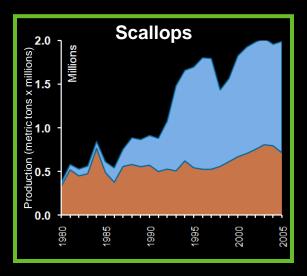


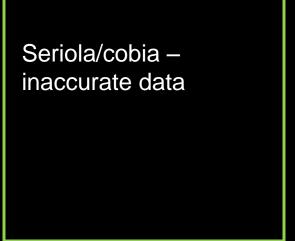
Standards to be created for 11 species













Need 'shared language' to reach agreement

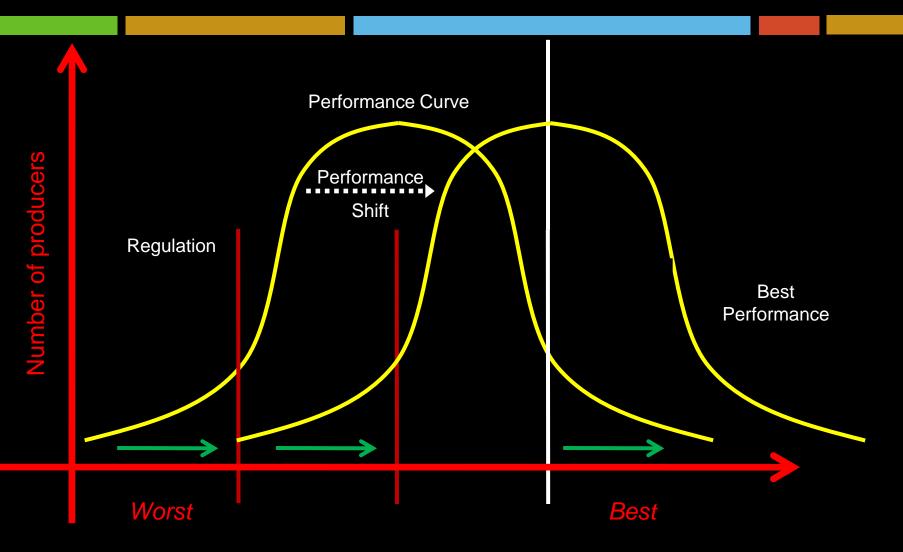
	Definition	Non-aquaculture example	Aquaculture example
Impact	The problem we want to minimize	Overweight	Waste in effluents
Principle	The guiding principle for addressing the impact	Maintain a healthy weight	Conserve water resources
Criteria	The area to focus on to address the impact	Food consumption	Nutrient use and release
Indicator	What to measure in order to determine the extent of the impact	Calories	The amount of phosphorus added and released per metric ton of fish produced
Standard	The number and/or performance level to reach to determine if the impact is being minimized	< 4.5 calories/kilogram of body weight/day	Phosphorus input or utilization in tilapia aquaculture operations will not exceed 30 kg P / mt fish produced and loads of phosphorus released into natural receiving waters will not exceed

8

22 kg P/mt fish produced



Standards will encourage innovation





Process is tried and true

- Multi-stakeholder
- Consensus oriented
- Transparent
- Based on sound science
- Performance-based
- Measurable standards
- ISEAL compliant



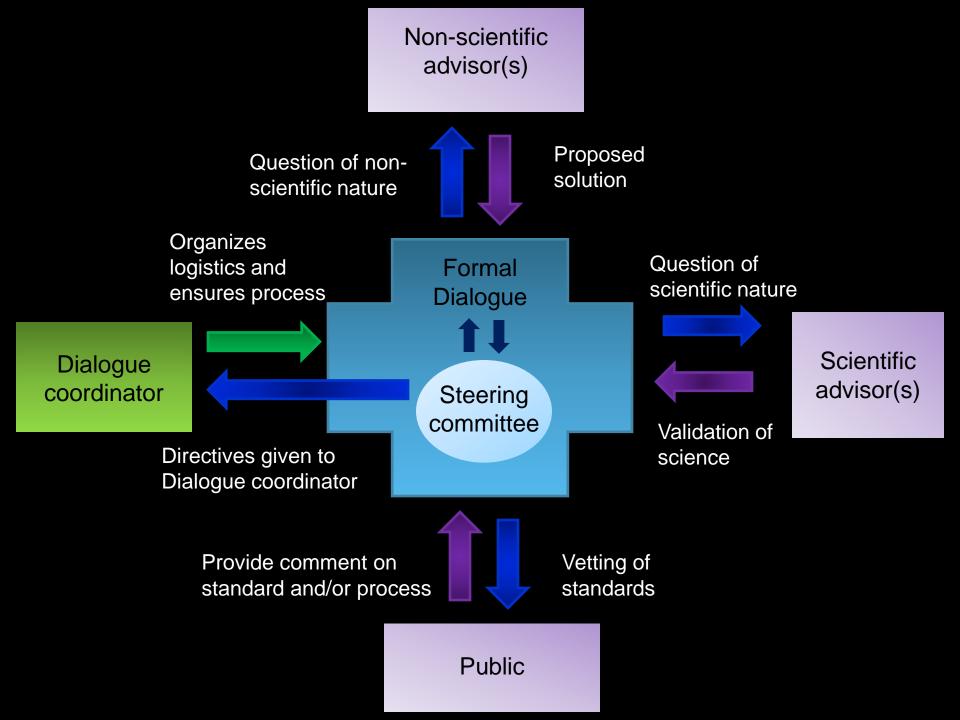


Dialogues are open to everybody

2-9 meetings/year/species

30-100 people at each meeting

 Key stakeholders: NGOs, academics, producers, buyers, government





Participation at many levels

- Attend Dialogue meetings
- Do not attend but provide input
- Join a technical working group
- Join an advisory group
- Coordinate the Dialogue
- Serve as a steering committee member



Steering Committee manages process

- Global
- Make final decisions, by consensus
- Resolve issues

WWF coordinates but does not manage the process



Dialogues are transparent

WWF - A quaculture - Tilapia Dialogue - Additional Resources Page 1 of 2 Aquaculture Digg 률 delictors Tilapia Dialogue - Additional Resources February 2008, Boston Meeting Summary Meeting Agenda Presentations Tilapia cages, by Mike Picchietti Preamble to tilapia cages, by Mick Picchietti Tilapia raceways, by Carl Baum Tilapia ponds, by Alfonso Delfini Coming to completion, by Dr. Aaron McNevin Standards for responsible tilapia aquaculture, by Dr. Aaron McNevin August 2007, Malaysia Meeting Summary (PDF, 89k) February 2006, Nevada Meeting Agenda (PDF, 31k) Meeting Summary (PDF, 63k) Structure and Roles (PDF, 90k) Draft Goals and Objectives (PDF, 191k) Contact Information for Attendees (PDF, 61k) August 2005, Washington, DC. Meeting Summary (PDF, 94k) · Participants (PDF, 64k) Presentations 8th Sea Producer Presentation (PDF, 2.1M) o Compound Fish Meal Tilapia (PDF, 443k) Feed and feeding practices of tilapia (PDF, 71k) Invasives (PDF, 1.3M) Market for Sustainable Tilapia (PDF, 1.2M) Predator Control (PDF, 2.8M)

 All meeting documents posted on the web

Invitations sent to key stakeholders

 Meeting notices in trade publications



Dialogues have a roadmap

- Goals/objectives approved
- 6 8 key impacts identified



Dialogues have a roadmap

- Stakeholders propose criteria
- Technical working groups or stakeholders propose indicators and standards
- Two 60-day public comment periods are held
- Steering Committee finalizes full suite



Get involved

www.worldwildlife.org/aquadialogues

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